

UNIT TWO: QUIZ
BONAM FORTVNAM!

I. Translate, list the four principle parts, and parse the forms given (i.e. person, number, tense, voice and mood)—remember, there may be more than one way to parse a single form!

1. damnnavimus

- a. Translation: we (have) condemned
- b. Principle Parts: damno, damnare, damnavi, damnatus
- c. Parse: first person plural, perfect active indicative

2. tacuerunt

- a. Translation: they (have) kept silent
- b. Principle Parts: taceo, tacere, tacui, tacitus
- c. Parse: third person plural, perfect active indicative

3. dederint

- a. Translation: they gave/have given (subjunctive); they will have given
- b. Principle Parts: do, dare, dedi, datus
- c. Parse: third person plural, perfect active subjunctive
third person plural, future perfect active indicative

4. senserant

- a. Translation: they had experienced
- b. Principle Parts: sentio, sentire, sensi, sensus
- c. Parse: third person plural, pluperfect active indicative

5. haberent

- a. Translation: they were having/considering (subjunctive)
- b. Principle Parts: habeo, habere, habui, habitus
- c. Parse: third person plural, imperfect active subjunctive

II. Conjugate *sum* in the Present Active Subjunctive.

sim	simus
sis	sitis
sit	sint

III. Conjugate *capio* in the Pluperfect Active Subjunctive.

Prin. parts: capio, capere, **cepi**, captus

cepiissem	cepiissemus
cepiissetis	cepiissetis
cepiisset	cepiissent

IV. Translate and indicate the case(s) these prepositions govern:

1. in + acc. *into, onto*; + abl. *in, on*
2. cum + abl. *with, along with*
3. sub + acc. or abl. *under*
4. de + abl. *about, concerning, down from*
5. ab, a + abl. *from, away from*
6. ad + acc. *to, towards*
7. ex, e + abl. *from, away from*

V. Translate these sentences. If it is a conditional sentence, note what type it is.

1. Si in via essemus, e via sub portas ambularemus.
 - a. Conditional Type: Present contrary-to-fact
 - b. Translation: If we were (now) in the road, we would walk from the road under the gates.
2. Si incolae feminas insidiarum damnavissent, nautae provinciam non superarent.
 - a. Conditional Type: Mixed contrary-to-fact: past in *protasis*, pres. in *apodosis*
 - b. Translation: If the inhabitants had condemned the women for their treachery [gen. of charge], the sailors would not (now) be conquering the province.
3. Si invidia feminarum cura sit nautis, feminas invidiae damnare non dubitent.
 - a. Conditional Type: Future-less-vivid
 - b. Translation: If the women's jealousy should be a concern for the sailors [dat. of ref.], they (sc. the sailors) would not hesitate to condemn [complimentary infinitive] the women for (their) jealousy [gen. of charge].
4. Vndae aras celare inceperunt.
 - a. Translation: Waves have begun [third person plural, pluperfect active indicative] to cover [complimentary infinitive] the altars.