

- 1.) Let  $\bar{k}$  be an algebraically closed field, and  $n$  a positive integer which is invertible in  $\bar{k}$ .<sup>1</sup> In Exercise 1.54 we verified that the map

$$\phi_n: \mathbb{G}_{m, \bar{k}} \rightarrow \mathbb{G}_{m, \bar{k}}$$

given by the ring homomorphism  $\bar{k}[t, t^{-1}] \rightarrow \bar{k}[t, t^{-1}]$  sending  $t$  to  $t^n$ , is étale. Let us denote by  $\mu_n$  the group of  $n$ -th roots of unity, that is,  $\lambda \in \bar{k}$  satisfying

$$\lambda^n = 1.$$

- (a) Show that the map  $\phi_n: \mathbb{G}_{m, \bar{k}} \rightarrow \mathbb{G}_{m, \bar{k}}$  is a  $\mu_n$ -torsor.  
 (b) Produce an explicit isomorphism  $\mathbb{G}_{m, \bar{k}} \times_{\phi_n, \mathbb{G}_{m, \bar{k}}, \phi_n} \mathbb{G}_{m, \bar{k}} \simeq \mathbb{G}_{m, \bar{k}} \times \mu_n$  using the definition of fibre products in terms of tensor products.
- 2.) Let  $\bar{k}$  and  $n$  be as above, and  $X$  a smooth  $\bar{k}$ -variety.

- (a) Show that the map  $\phi_n: \mathbb{G}_{m, \bar{k}} \rightarrow \mathbb{G}_{m, \bar{k}}$  induces a short exact sequence

$$0 \rightarrow \underline{\mu}_n \rightarrow \underline{\mathbb{G}}_{m, \bar{k}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbb{G}}_{m, \bar{k}} \rightarrow 0$$

of sheaves on the small-étale site  $(X)_{\text{ét}}$ .

- (b) Next week we will prove that for  $X = \mathbb{A}_{\bar{k}}^1$  and  $X = \mathbb{G}_{m, \bar{k}}$  one has  $H^1(X, \underline{\mathbb{G}}_{m, \bar{k}}) = 0$ . Deduce from this the statements

$$H^1(\mathbb{A}_{\bar{k}}^1, \underline{\mu}_n) = 0$$

and

$$H^1(\mathbb{G}_{m, \bar{k}}^1, \underline{\mu}_n) = \mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}.$$

**Due on Tuesday, October 30th**

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<sup>1</sup>That is,  $n$  is coprime to the characteristic  $p$  of  $\bar{k}$ .