Innocent IV – Quanto studiosius (19 August 1247)

Text from: J. H. Sbaralea and C. Eubel, eds., Bullarium franciscanum, 7 vols. (1759-1904; Rome: Vatican, 1983), 1:487b-88a (no. 235). Re-issued by Alexander IV on 21 July 1257 (BF 2:230b [no. 347]). Bishop Innocent, servant of the servants of God to the beloved his sons, the Generals Dilectis Filiis Generali, & Provincialibus Ministris Ordinis Fratrum Minorum Salutem, and Ministers of the Brothers Minor: Greetings and Apostolic Blessing. & Apostolicam Benedictionem. By following more zealously those who are free for divine contemplation, the more Quanto studiosius divinae contemplationi vacatis Domino famulando, tanto quieti gladly we provide for your rest, lest you, in leaving everything behind, are compelled vestrae libentius providemus; ne pedes, quos lavisse videmini affectu, & effectu (God forbid!) to stain again the feet which you are seen to have washed by your omnia relinquendo, cogamini, quod absit, iterum inquinare. own efforts and temperament. For, although your petition, which has been read by us, contained $\langle mention \rangle$ of all Cum enim, sicut lecta Nobis vestra petitio continebat, de rebus omnibus Ordini the things granted to your order (or to be granted in the future), you do not wish to vestro concessis, vel inposterum concedendis per vos ipsos, prout exigit frequenmake arrangements through yourselves (nor can you even by the institutes of your ter necessitas, & juxta vestri Ordinis Instituta disponere nequeatis; nec velitis pro Order)-just as necessity frequently demands-in order to preserve the purity of conscientiarum vestrarum puritate servanda; ne vobis odiosa vagandi tribuatur materia,1 sed oporteat vos propter hoc semper ad Sedem Apostolicam, ad quam rerum your consciences, lest the odious subject of wandering about aimlessly be connected to you,¹ it is nonetheless necessary for this reason that you have recourse to the ipsarum spectat proprietas, habere recursum; Apostolic See to which the ownership of the goods themselves belong. We, wishing to provide for the rest of the Order and your needs by a paternal Nos quieti dicti Ordinis, & necessitatibus vestris paterna volentes sollicitudine prosolicitude, grant to you by the authority of those present that each one of you is videre, praesentium vobis auctoritate concedimus; ut singulis vestrum liceat in allowed (in the provinces entrusted to those $\langle brothers \rangle$) to establish through yourself, Provinciis eis commissis per se, vel per alios Fratres suos, quibus id duxerint comor through other brothers of yours (those to whom they think it should be entrusted) mittendum,² constituere aliquos viros idoneos Deum timentes, qui pro locorum certain suitable, God-fearing men, who, for the indigence of individual places, can by indigentia singulorum res hujusmodi tam concessas, quam etiam conferendas aucour authority freely seek, sell, alienate, handle, exchange, spend, trade, and convert toritate Nostra libere petere, vendere, commutare, alienare, tractare, expendere, to the use of the brothers, such granted items (as well as items that will be conferred) vel permutare, ac in usum Fratrum convertere valeant secundum disponsitionem according to your disposition, just as it will seem expedient for the place and the vestram pro necessitatibus, vel commodis Fratrum Ordinis memorati, sicut vobis time for the necessities or advantages of the said Order of brothers. You are also pro loco, & tempore videbitur expedire; liceat quoque vobis eosdem /488a/ viros allowed, as often as it will seem advantageous, to remove the very same men so sic constitutos a vobis amovere, aliosque ad praemissa exequenda sine difficultate established by you, and to ask others to take over the previous (duties) without any qualibet subrogare, quoties videritis opportunum. difficulty. Now, let no man break this page of our concession, or oppose it with reckless daring. Nulli ergo omnino hominum liceat hanc paginam Nostrae concessionis infringere, vel ei ausu temerario contraire. Si quis &c. If anyone, etc. Datum Lugduni xiv. Kalendas Septembris Pontificatus Nostri Anno Quinto. Dated in Lyons, 19 August 1247, in the fifth year of our pontificate.

Presumably a reference to the *gyrovagi*, so often complained of in writings about the monastic life. Cf. *The Rule of Saint Benedict* 1.10–11, in Bruce L. Venarde, ed. and trans., *The Rule of Saint Benedict*, Dumbarton Oaks Medieval Library 6 (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 2011), 16–19: 'The fourth kind of monks are those called gyrovagues, who spend their whole lives lodging in different regions and different monasteries three or four days at a time, always wandering and never stable, serving their own wills and the lure of gluttony, worse than sarabaites ["monks" who have professed no Rule; cf. 1.6–9] in every way' (Venarde trans.).
Corrected from *committe dum*.