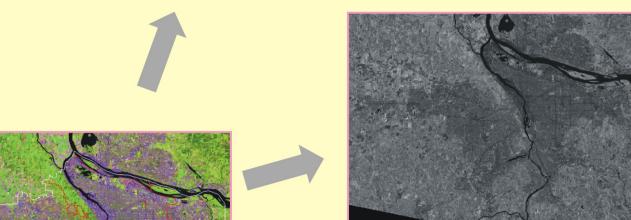
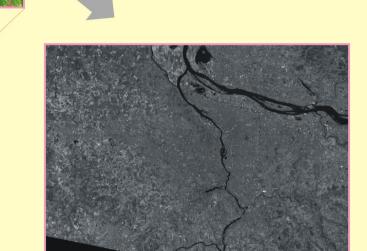


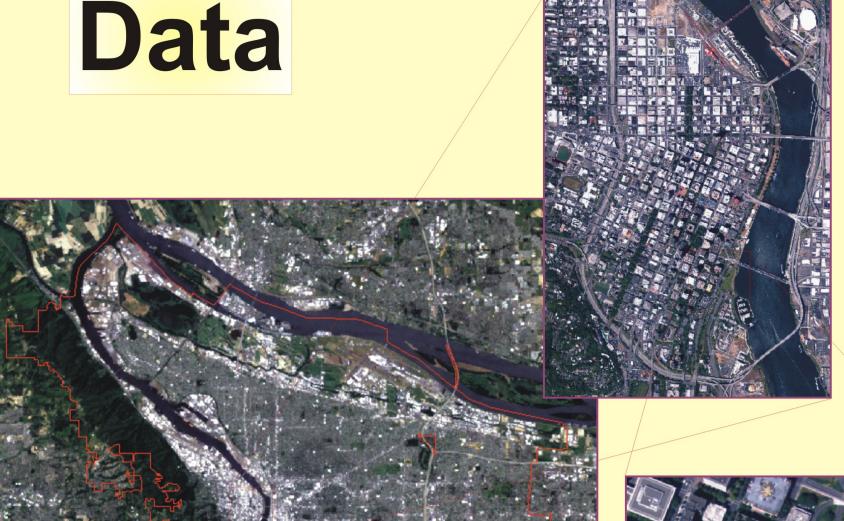
Red band



Near-infrared band



Middle-infrared band



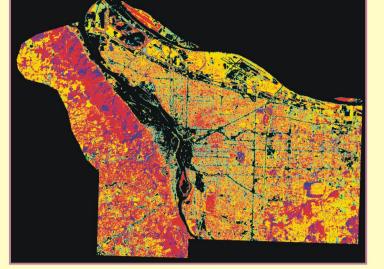
Mike Lackner, PSU Geography

1-meter digital aerial photography



1991 Vegetation amount

No vegetation/background 0-25% vegetation cover 26-50% vegetation cover 51-75% vegetation cover 76-100% vegetation cover



1991 Vegetation type

No vegetation/background Deciduous/grass Conifer/grass Deciduous Deciduous/conifer

1991 Vegetation Data (Newman 1997)



Neighborhood boundaries

Ancillary Data

• Slight increase in

• Changes not evenly

• Largest increase in

• Largest decrease in

verified through

Northwest Heights.

• Results still need to be

accuracy assessment.

to 2002.

Alameda.

city.

canopy cover from 1991

distributed throughout

# Methodology

30-meter TM Landsat Data

#### 1) Unsupervised Classification

False-color composite

- ► Input images: band 2 (green), band 4 (near-infrared), band 5 (middle-infrared), ratio of bands 3 (red) and 4.
- ► 10 classes identified after first classification.
- ➤ Subdivided classes further to get a total of 100 classes.

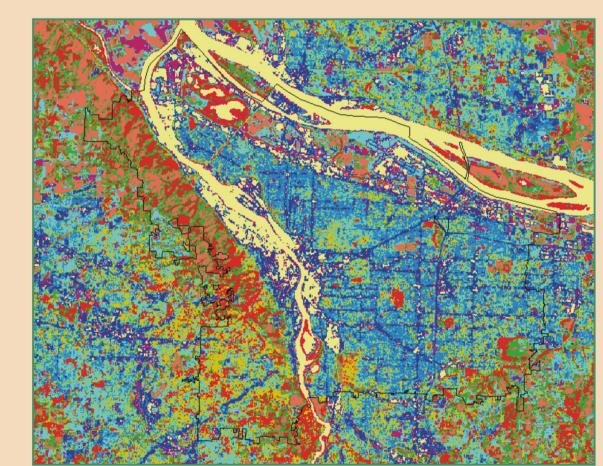
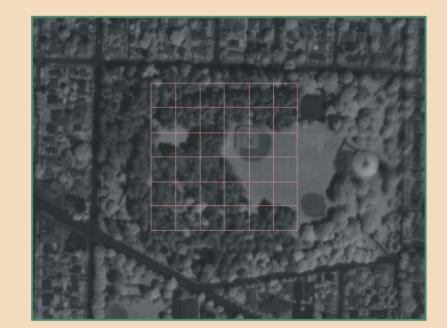


Image after first unsupervised classification

#### 2) Assigning Vegetation Type and Amount Categories to Classes



1-meter resolution natural-color image (sample area)



1-meter resolution near-infrared image (sample area)

- ► Put 25-meter grid onto 1-meter images.
- Determined vegetation amount with natural color image.
- Determined vegetation type with near-infrared image.

### 3) Calculating Canopy Cover Percent

Assigned weights to vegetation images to calculate canopy cover percentages.

•	•
Vegetation Type	Canopy Weight
No vegetation	0
Grass	0
Mixed	10
Deciduous/grass	50
Conifer/grass	50
Deciduous	100
Conifer	100
Deciduous/conifer	100
	, , , , , ,

0-25%

26-50%

51-75%

76-100%

## **Contact Information**

Cartographic Center at Portland State University: Joe Poracsky & Mike Lackner Fax: 503-725-3166 Tel.: 503-725-3158 E-mail: maps@pdx.edu

➤ Portland General Electric. ➤ Portland State University Undergraduate Research Activity Award.

# Purpose and Goals

Portland, Oregon, 1991 - 2002

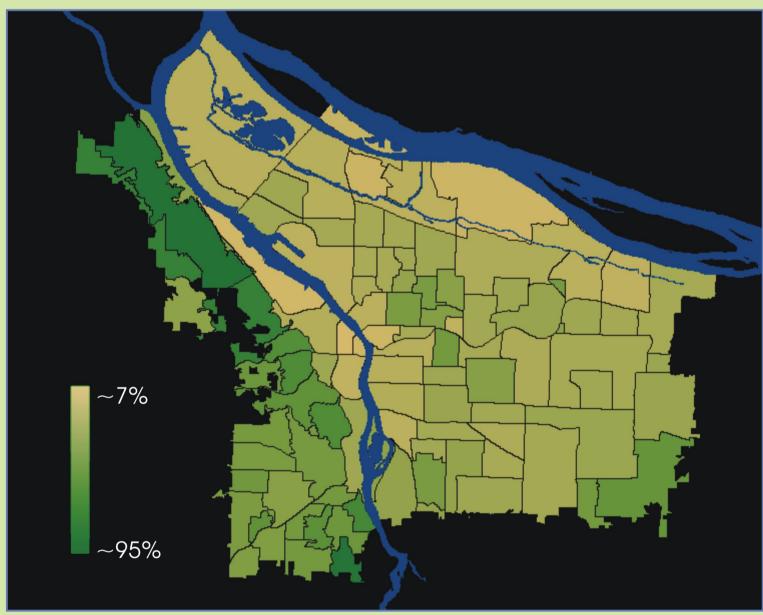
This project intends to explore characteristics of tree canopy in the city of Portland, Oregon. Canopy cover extent of 2002 was measured through GIS analysis and was then compared to images from 1991 that resulted from a similar study done in 1997.

# Further Study

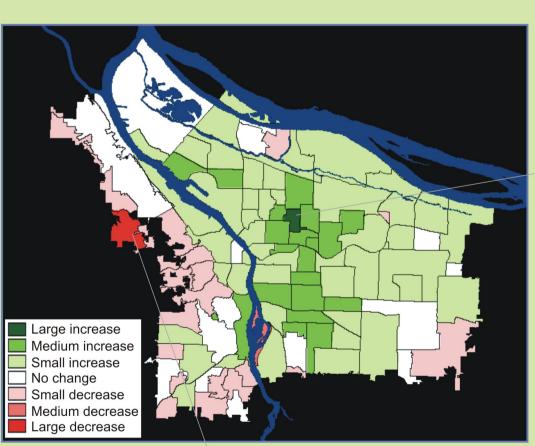
- Accuracy assessment through field checking.
- Comparison to data from 1972 and 1982.
- Relating canopy cover extent to land use.
- Relating canopy cover to neighborhood characteristics.

## Funding

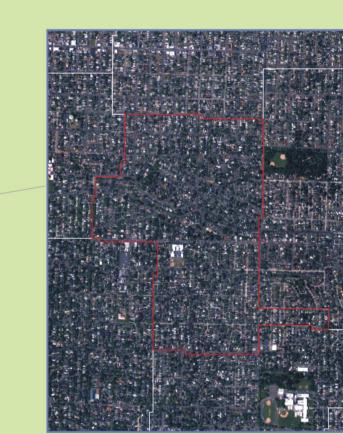
# Results



2002 Canopy cover percentages per neighborhood



Change per neighborhood



Largest increase: Alameda

Largest decrease: Northwest Heights

**Mean Canopy 2002** 

**Mean Canopy 1991** 

26.3% (including Forest Park) 23.6% (excluding Forest Park)

25.5% (including Forest Park)

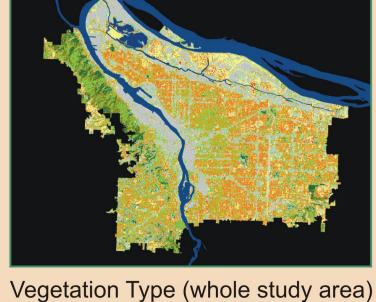
22.8% (excluding Forest Park)

Percentage Change 1991-2002 +0.8%



Vegetation Amount (whole study area)

No vegetation 0-25% vegetation cover 26-50% vegetation cover 51-75% vegetation cover 76-100% vegetation cover



No vegetation
Mixed
Grass
Deciduous/grass
Conifer/grass
Deciduous
Deciduous/conifer
Conifer