

Topics in Probability: Problem Sheet 1

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On this first sheet no exercises are assessed. You are encouraged to work through all problems. Unless otherwise specified, $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{P})$ is a general probability space.

1. Show that for any collection $A_n \in \mathcal{F}, n \in \mathbb{N}$, of measurable sets in Ω there exists *disjoint* $B_n \in \mathcal{F}, n \in \mathbb{N}$, such that $B_n \subseteq A_n$ for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and

$$\bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n.$$

2. A set \mathcal{A} of subsets of Ω is called an *algebra* if it contains the empty set and $A, B \in \mathcal{A}$ imply $\Omega \setminus A \in \mathcal{A}$ and $A \cup B \in \mathcal{A}$. (Thus, we have removed the countable part of the union condition.)

- (a) Let $\Omega = \mathbb{N}$ and let \mathcal{A} be the *cofinite algebra* on \mathbb{N} , i.e.

$$\mathcal{A} = \{S \subseteq \mathbb{N} : \text{either } S \text{ or } \mathbb{N} \setminus S \text{ is finite}\}.$$

Show that \mathcal{A} is indeed an algebra, but not a σ -algebra.

- (b) For any set Ω , show that

$$\mathcal{B} = \{A \subseteq \Omega : \text{either } A \text{ or } \Omega \setminus A \text{ is countable}\}$$

is a σ -algebra on Ω .

- (c) Show that $\mathcal{B} = 2^\Omega$ if Ω is countable.

3. Prove Proposition 1.7 from the handout.
4. Show that $X: \Omega_1 \rightarrow \Omega_2$ is $\mathcal{F}_1/\mathcal{F}_2$ measurable if and only if $\sigma(X)$ is contained in \mathcal{F}_1 .
5. Prove Proposition 1.9 from the handout.
6. Prove that any continuous function between two topological spaces is measurable with respect to their Borel σ -algebras.
7. Let $(X_n, n \in \mathbb{N})$ be non-negative random variables (i.e. measurable maps $X_n: \Omega \rightarrow [0, \infty)$). Show that the following are $[0, \infty]$ valued random variables:

- i) $\sup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} X_n$,
 - ii) $\inf_{n \in \mathbb{N}} X_n$
 - iii) $\limsup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} X_n$
 - iv) $\liminf_{n \in \mathbb{N}} X_n$
8. Show that if $X_n: \Omega_1 \rightarrow \Omega_2$ is $\mathcal{F}_1/\mathcal{F}_2$ -measurable for each $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and $\mathcal{F}_2 = \sigma(\mathcal{A})$ then

$$\sigma(X_n: n \in \mathbb{N}) = \sigma \{X_n^{-1}(A): n \in \mathbb{N}, A \in \mathcal{A}\}.$$

9. Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous at all but countably many points. Show that f is Borel measurable.
10. Prove Proposition 2.3 from the handout.
11. Prove the *inclusion-exclusion formula*: for $A_1, \dots, A_n \in \mathcal{F}$,

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{P} \left(\bigcup_{k=1}^n A_k \right) &= \sum_{k=1}^n \mathbb{P}(A_k) - \sum_{k < l} \mathbb{P}(A_k \cap A_l) \\ &\quad + \sum_{j < k < l} \mathbb{P}(A_j \cap A_k \cap A_l) - \dots + (-1)^{n-1} \mathbb{P} \left(\bigcap_{j=1}^n A_j \right). \end{aligned}$$

(Hint: Note that $\bigcup_k A_k = \Omega \setminus \bigcap_{k=1}^n (\Omega \setminus A_k)$.)