## **DEEP Activitity**

Activity 1:

Prerequisite: Matrix and vector operations

Follow *Crash Course in Matlab* and learn the basic of Matlab Do exercises:

1.6 : 1 2.6: 1,4,5,9 3.6: 1,2,(3)

Activity 2:

Prerequisites: Matrix and vector Algebra Linear programming

Finish Activity 1 if it hasn't been finished yet. Optimize your diet: Follow the exercise from *Linear Programming* Chemical Reaction Balance Problem Learn Simulink

• Activity 3:

Prerequisite: Basic Signal and System/Control Design

Some mathematical exercises Use simulink for control system design: an exercise from http://www.engin.umich.edu/group/ctm/examples/cruise/cc.html

Tour of the multi-vehicle lab

Activity 4:

Use matlab and excel to search for Nash equilibrium: Based on the economics book

## Tour of the optical network lab

Activity 5:

## Finishing what is left from the previous labs. Optimization Numerical method:

## ? Manipulate

Manipulate[expr,  $\{u, u_{min}, u_{max}\}$ ] generates a version

of expr with controls added to allow interactive manipulation of the value of u.

 $\texttt{Manipulate}[expr, \{u, u_{min}, u_{max}, du\}] \texttt{ allows the value of } u \texttt{ to vary between } u_{min} \texttt{ and } u_{max} \texttt{ in steps } du.$ 

Manipulate[*expr*, {{ $u, u_{init}$ },  $u_{min}, u_{max}, ...$ }] takes the initial value of u to be  $u_{init}$ .

Manipulate[*expr*, {{ $u, u_{init}, u_{lbl}$ }, ...}] labels the controls for u with  $u_{lbl}$ .

Manipulate[expr,  $\{u, \{u_1, u_2, \ldots\}\}$ ] allows u to take on discrete values  $u_1, u_2, \ldots$ 

 $\texttt{Manipulate}[\textit{expr}, \{u, \ldots\}, \{v, \ldots\}, \ldots] \texttt{ provides controls to manipulate each of the } u, v, \ldots.$ 

Manipulate[*expr*,  $c_u \rightarrow \{u, ...\}, c_v \rightarrow \{v, ...\}, ...$ ] links the controls to the specified controllers on an external device.